#### § 177.960

#### § 177.960 Guards for exposed hazards.

An exposed hazard, such as gears or rotating machinery, must be properly protected by a cover, guard, or rail.

## §177.970 Protection against hot piping.

Piping, including valves, pipe fittings and flanges, conveying vapor, gas, or liquid, the temperature of which exceeds 65.5° C (150° F), must be suitably insulated where necessary to prevent injuries.

# Subpart J—Window Construction and Visibility

### §177.1010 Safety glazing materials.

Glass and other glazing material used in windows accessible to passengers and crew must be of material that will not break into dangerous fragments if fractured.

[CGD 85-080, 61 FR 961, Jan. 10, 1996; 61 FR 20557, May 7, 1996]

#### §177.1020 Strength.

Each window, port hole, and its means of attachment to the hull or deck house, must be capable of withstanding the maximum load from wave and wind conditions expected due to its location on the vessel and the authorized route of the vessel.

### §177.1030 Operating station visibility.

- (a) Windows and other openings at the operating station must be of sufficient size and properly located to provide an adequate view for safe navigation in all operating conditions.
- (b) Glass or other glazing material used in windows at the operating station must have a light transmission of not less than 70 percent according to Test 2 of American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Z 26.1 "Safety Glazing Materials For Motor Vehicles Operating on Land Highways," and must comply with Test 15 of ANSI Z 26.1 for Class I Optical Deviation.

# PART 178—INTACT STABILITY AND SEAWORTHINESS

#### Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec

178.115 Applicability to existing vessels.

#### Subpart B—Stability Instructions for Operating Personnel

178.210 Stability information.

178.220 Stability booklet.

178.230 Stability letter or Certificate of Inspection stability details.

### Subpart C—Intact Stability Standards

178.310 Applicability based on length and passenger capacity.

178.320 Intact stability requirements.

178.325 Intact stability requirements for a sailing vessel.

178.330 Simplified stability proof test.

178.340 Stability standards for pontoon vessels on protected waters.

## Subpart D—Drainage of Weather Decks

178.410 Drainage of flush deck vessels.

178.420 Drainage of cockpit vessels.178.430 Drainage of well deck vessels.

178.440 Drainage of open boats.

178.450 Calculation of drainage area for cockpit and well deck vessels.

## Subpart E—Special Installations

178.510 Ballast.

AUTHORITY: 43 U.S.C. 1333; 46 U.S. 2103, 3306, 3703; E.O. 12234, 45 FR 58801, 3 CFR, 1980 Comp., p. 277; 49 CFR 1.46.

SOURCE: CGD 85-080, 61 FR 966, Jan. 10, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

### **Subpart A—General Provisions**

## § 178.115 Applicability to existing vessels.

An existing vessel must comply with the intact stability and seaworthiness regulations which were applicable to the vessel on March 10, 1996, or, as an alternative, the vessel may comply with the regulations in this part.

## Subpart B—Stability Instructions for Operating Personnel

## $\S 178.210$ Stability information.

(a) Stability information (stability details indicated on the Certificate of

Coast Guard, DHS § 178.310

Inspection, a stability letter, or a stability booklet) is required on certain vessels by paragraphs (b) or (c) of this section. Enough stability information, including stability calculations and assumptions made to use them, must be provided to allow the master to be able to determine operating guidelines, loading restrictions, and ensure compliance with the applicable intact and damage stability regulations of this chapter.

- (b) A vessel which, under §178.310, must comply with requirements in subchapter S of this chapter, must have stability details on the vessel's Certificate of Inspection, a stability letter issued by the cognizant Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection (OCMI) or the Commanding Officer, Marine Safety Center, or an approved stability booklet. The form in which the stability information must be contained (i.e., stability details on the Certificate of Inspection, a stability letter, or a stability booklet) will be determined by the Commanding Officer, Marine Safety Center.
- (c) When necessary for safe operation, the cognizant OCMI may place specific stability restrictions in a stability letter or on the Certificate of Inspection of a vessel of not more than 19.8 meters (65 feet) in length, which, under §178.310 of this part, must comply with the requirements of §178.320 of this part.

#### §178.220 Stability booklet.

When the Commanding Officer, Marine Safety Center determines, in accordance with §178.210(b), that a vessel must have a stability booklet, the owner or operator must prepare the booklet in accordance with subchapter S of this chapter, and submit it to the Commanding Officer, Marine Safety Center.

## § 178.230 Stability letter or Certificate of Inspection stability details.

(a) When the cognizant OCMI or the Commanding Officer, Marine Safety Center determines, in accordance with §178.210, that a vessel must have stability details indicated on its Certificate of Inspection or a stability letter, the owner or operator must submit the

information listed in paragraph (b) of this section:

- (1) If  $\S178.210(c)$  is applicable, to the OCMI for approval; or
- (2) If §178.210(b) is applicable, to the Commanding Officer, Marine Safety Center for approval.
- (b) The following applicable information, and the necessary calculations used to determine that information, must be submitted as required by paragraph (a) of this section:
- (1) Allowable number of passengers and crew on each deck;
- (2) Deepest waterline drafts or freeboard;
- (3) Location of watertight bulkheads and openings in watertight bulkheads;
- (4) Explanation of the vessel's subdivision and specific identification of the vessel's subdivision bulkheads;
- (5) Location of openings through watertight bulkheads, such as watertight doors, which must be closed to limit flooding in an emergency;
- (6) Location, type and amount of fixed ballast;
- (7) Location and details of foam flotation material; and
- (8) Maximum weight of portable equipment permitted on the vessel including diving equipment.

## Subpart C—Intact Stability Standards

## \$178.310 Applicability based on length and passenger capacity.

- (a) A vessel of not more than 19.8 meters (65 feet) in length must meet the applicable requirements of §178.320 or 178.325, or of §§170.170, 170.173, and 171.050 in subchapter S of this chapter, if:
- (1) Carrying not more than 150 passengers on a domestic voyage;
- (2) Carrying not more than 12 passengers on an international voyage; or
- (3) It has not more than one deck above the bulkhead deck, exclusive of a pilot house.
- (b) The following vessels must meet the appropriate requirements of §§ 170.170, 170.173, 171.050, 171.055, and 171.057 in subchapter S of this chapter;
- (1) A vessel of more than 19.8 meters (65 feet) in length;